



Relations and Functions

Q.No.1: The function $f : \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right]$ defined as $f(x) = \frac{x}{1+x^2}$, is : **JEE 2017**

- A. Invertible
- B. injective but not surjective
- C. surjective but not injective
- D. neither injective nor surjective

Q.No.2: For $x \in \mathbf{R} - \{0, 1\}$, let $f_1(x) = \frac{1}{x}$, $f_2(x) = 1 - x$ and $f_3(x) = \frac{1}{1-x}$ be three given functions. If a function, $J(x)$ satisfies $(f_2 \circ J \circ f_1)(x) = f_3(x)$ then $J(x)$ is equal to: **JEE 2019**

- A. $f_3(x)$
- B. $\frac{1}{x} f_3(x)$
- C. $f_2(x)$
- D. $f_1(x)$

Q.No.3: Let $A = \{x \in \mathbf{R} : x \text{ is not a positive integer}\}$. Define a function $f : A \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ as $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x-1}$, then f is: **JEE 2019**

- A. not injective
- B. neither injective nor surjective
- C. surjective but not injective
- D. injective but not surjective

Q.No.4: Let \mathbf{N} be the set of natural numbers and two functions f and g be defined as $f, g : \mathbf{N} \rightarrow \mathbf{N}$ such that $f(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{n+1}{2} & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \\ \frac{n}{2} & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$ and $g(n) = n -$

$(-1)^n$. Then $f \circ g$ is:

- A.** onto but not one-one.
- B.** one-one but not onto.
- C.** both one-one and onto.
- D.** neither one-one nor onto.

Q.No.5: Let a function $f: (0, \infty) \rightarrow (0, \infty)$ be defined by $f(x) = \left|1 - \frac{1}{x}\right|$. Then f is :

JEE 2019

- A.** not injective but it is surjective
- B.** injective only
- C.** neither injective nor surjective
- D.** both injective as well as surjective

Q.No.6: If the function $f: \mathbf{R} - \{1, -1\} \rightarrow A$ defined by $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{1-x^2}$, is surjective, then A is equal to :

JEE 2019

- A.** $\mathbf{R} - \{-1\}$
- B.** $[0, \infty)$
- C.** $\mathbf{R} - [-1, 0)$
- D.** $\mathbf{R} - (-1, 0)$

Q.No.7: Let $f(x) = x^2, x \in \mathbf{R}$. For any $A \subseteq \mathbf{R}$, define $g(A) = \{x \in \mathbf{R} : f(x) \in A\}$. If $S = [0, 4]$, then which one of the following statements is not true ? **JEE 2019**

- A.** $g(f(S)) \neq S$
- B.** $f(g(S)) = S$
- C.** $g(f(S)) = g(S)$
- D.** $f(g(S)) \neq f(S)$

Q.No.8: Let $f(x) = \log_e(\sin x)$, ($0 < x < \pi$) and $g(x) = \sin^{-1}(e^{-x})$, ($x \geq 0$). If a is a positive real number such that $a = (f \circ g)'(a)$ and $b = (f \circ g)(a)$, then:

JEE 2019

- A. $aa^2 + ba + a = 0$
- B. $aa^2 - ba - a = 1$
- C. $aa^2 - ba - a = 0$
- D. $aa^2 + ba - a = -2a^2$

Q.No.9: For $x \in (0, 3/2)$ let $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, $g(x) = \tan x$ and $h(x) = \frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}$. If $\phi(x) = ((h \circ f) \circ g)(x)$, then

$\phi\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ is equal to :

JEE 2019

- A. $\tan \frac{\pi}{12}$
- B. $\tan \frac{11\pi}{12}$
- C. $\tan \frac{7\pi}{12}$
- D. $\tan \frac{5\pi}{12}$

Q.No.10: Let $f: R \rightarrow R$ be defined as $f(x) = 2x - 1$ and $g: R - \{1\} \rightarrow R$ be

defined as $g(x) = \frac{x - \frac{1}{2}}{x - 1}$. Then the composition function $f(g(x))$ is

JEE 2021

- A. neither one-one nor onto
- B. neither one-one nor onto
- C. both one-one and onto
- D. both one-one and onto